

1177 BC THE YEAR CIVILIZATION COLLAPSED ERIC H CLINE

1177 BC THE YEAR CIVILIZATION COLLAPSED ERIC H CLINE IS A SEMINAL WORK THAT EXPLORES ONE OF THE MOST SIGNIFICANT PERIODS IN ANCIENT HISTORY—THE LATE BRONZE AGE COLLAPSE. THIS CATASTROPHIC EVENT LED TO THE DOWNFALL OF SEVERAL MAJOR CIVILIZATIONS AROUND THE EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN, INCLUDING THE MYCENAEANS, HITTITES, AND EGYPTIANS. ERIC H. CLINE'S COMPREHENSIVE RESEARCH DELVES INTO THE COMPLEX FACTORS THAT CONTRIBUTED TO THIS WIDESPREAD COLLAPSE, COMBINING ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVIDENCE, HISTORICAL RECORDS, AND SCIENTIFIC DATA. THE BOOK SHEDS LIGHT ON THE INTERCONNECTEDNESS OF ANCIENT SOCIETIES AND HOW A COMBINATION OF NATURAL DISASTERS, INVASIONS, AND ECONOMIC TURMOIL TRIGGERED A CHAIN REACTION OF DESTRUCTION. THIS ARTICLE WILL EXAMINE THE KEY THEMES OF CLINE'S WORK, THE HISTORICAL CONTEXT OF 1177 BC, AND THE LASTING IMPACT OF THIS COLLAPSE ON SUBSEQUENT CIVILIZATIONS. READERS WILL GAIN A DEEPER UNDERSTANDING OF THE MULTIFACETED CAUSES AND CONSEQUENCES OF THIS PIVOTAL MOMENT IN HISTORY. BELOW IS AN OVERVIEW OF THE MAIN TOPICS COVERED IN THIS ARTICLE.

- THE HISTORICAL CONTEXT OF 1177 BC
- ERIC H. CLINE'S ANALYSIS OF THE LATE BRONZE AGE COLLAPSE
- CAUSES BEHIND THE CIVILIZATION COLLAPSE
- THE ROLE OF THE SEA PEOPLES
- ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE COLLAPSE
- LONG-TERM EFFECTS ON ANCIENT SOCIETIES

THE HISTORICAL CONTEXT OF 1177 BC

THE YEAR 1177 BC MARKS A CRITICAL TURNING POINT IN ANCIENT HISTORY, REPRESENTING THE APPROXIMATE DATE WHEN A WIDESPREAD COLLAPSE OF NUMEROUS ADVANCED CIVILIZATIONS OCCURRED. THIS PERIOD, KNOWN AS THE LATE BRONZE AGE, WAS CHARACTERIZED BY FLOURISHING TRADE NETWORKS, POWERFUL KINGDOMS, AND COMPLEX POLITICAL ALLIANCES ACROSS THE EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN. CIVILIZATIONS SUCH AS THE MYCENAEAN GREEKS, THE HITTITES OF ANATOLIA, THE EGYPTIAN NEW KINGDOM, AND VARIOUS CITY-STATES IN THE LEVANT COEXISTED IN A DELICATE BALANCE OF POWER. HOWEVER, BY THE END OF THIS ERA, MANY OF THESE SOCIETIES FACED SUDDEN DESTRUCTION OR SEVERE DECLINE.

GEOPOLITICAL LANDSCAPE BEFORE THE COLLAPSE

BEFORE THE COLLAPSE, THE LATE BRONZE AGE WORLD WAS HIGHLY INTERCONNECTED THROUGH TRADE, DIPLOMACY, AND WARFARE. MAJOR POWERS COMMUNICATED USING DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENCE, SUCH AS THE AMARNA LETTERS, AND MAINTAINED ECONOMIC RELATIONSHIPS INVOLVING LUXURY GOODS, RAW MATERIALS, AND MILITARY SUPPORT. THE BALANCE OF POWER WAS MAINTAINED THROUGH ALLIANCES AND VASSAL STATES, CREATING A COMPLEX WEB OF INTERDEPENDENCY. THIS INTERCONNECTED SYSTEM, HOWEVER, PROVED VULNERABLE TO DISRUPTION.

SIGNIFICANCE OF 1177 BC IN ANCIENT CHRONOLOGY

THE DATE 1177 BC IS OFTEN USED BY HISTORIANS AS A SYMBOLIC MARKER FOR THE COLLAPSE BECAUSE IT ALIGNS WITH THE DESTRUCTION LAYERS FOUND IN ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES AND REFERENCES IN ANCIENT TEXTS. WHILE SOME EVENTS OCCURRED SLIGHTLY BEFORE OR AFTER THIS DATE, IT REPRESENTS A CONSOLIDATED TIMEFRAME DURING WHICH THESE WIDESPREAD

SOCIETAL FAILURES BECAME APPARENT. ERIC H. CLINE'S RESEARCH HIGHLIGHTS THAT UNDERSTANDING THIS PERIOD REQUIRES EXAMINING MULTIPLE SIMULTANEOUS CRISES RATHER THAN A SINGLE CAUSE.

ERIC H. CLINE'S ANALYSIS OF THE LATE BRONZE AGE COLLAPSE

ERIC H. CLINE'S BOOK, *1177 BC: THE YEAR CIVILIZATION COLLAPSED*, PRESENTS A DETAILED AND MULTIDISCIPLINARY INVESTIGATION INTO THE CAUSES AND EFFECTS OF THIS MAJOR HISTORICAL EVENT. HE SYNTHESIZES ARCHAEOLOGICAL FINDINGS, ANCIENT RECORDS, AND MODERN SCIENTIFIC METHODS TO PROPOSE A COMPREHENSIVE EXPLANATION FOR THE COLLAPSE. CLINE ARGUES AGAINST SIMPLISTIC THEORIES AND EMPHASIZES THE COMPLEXITY OF INTERCONNECTED FAILURES.

INTERDISCIPLINARY APPROACH

CLINE INTEGRATES DATA FROM ARCHAEOLOGY, CLIMATOLOGY, ANTHROPOLOGY, AND HISTORY TO PROVIDE A HOLISTIC VIEW OF THE COLLAPSE. HE INCORPORATES EVIDENCE SUCH AS CARBON DATING, POLLEN ANALYSIS, AND WRITTEN RECORDS TO RECONSTRUCT THE ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS LEADING UP TO AND FOLLOWING 1177 BC. THIS APPROACH ALLOWS FOR A NUANCED UNDERSTANDING OF HOW NATURAL AND HUMAN FACTORS COMBINED TO DESTABILIZE ANCIENT CIVILIZATIONS.

DEBUNKING SINGLE-CAUSE THEORIES

CONTRARY TO EARLIER THEORIES THAT ATTRIBUTED THE COLLAPSE TO A SINGLE EVENT, SUCH AS INVASIONS BY THE SEA PEOPLES OR NATURAL DISASTERS ALONE, CLINE PRESENTS A MULTIFACTORIAL MODEL. HE CONTENDS THAT NO SINGULAR CAUSE WAS RESPONSIBLE; RATHER, IT WAS THE INTERACTION OF MULTIPLE STRESSORS THAT LED TO SYSTEMIC FAILURE ACROSS THE REGION. THIS PERSPECTIVE HAS RESHAPED SCHOLARLY DISCOURSE ON LATE BRONZE AGE HISTORY.

CAUSES BEHIND THE CIVILIZATION COLLAPSE

THE COLLAPSE OF CIVILIZATIONS AROUND 1177 BC WAS THE RESULT OF A CONVERGENCE OF SEVERAL DISRUPTIVE FACTORS THAT OVERWHELMED THE RESILIENCE OF LATE BRONZE AGE SOCIETIES. THESE CAUSES CAN BE CATEGORIZED INTO ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL, ECONOMIC, AND MILITARY CHALLENGES.

ENVIRONMENTAL STRESS AND CLIMATE CHANGE

EVIDENCE SUGGESTS THAT PROLONGED DROUGHTS AND CLIMATE INSTABILITY SEVERELY IMPACTED AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, LEADING TO FOOD SHORTAGES AND POPULATION DISPLACEMENT. THE REDUCTION IN RESOURCES STRAINED POLITICAL SYSTEMS AND EXACERBATED INTERNAL CONFLICTS. PALEOENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES SUPPORT THE THEORY THAT ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION PLAYED A SIGNIFICANT ROLE IN WEAKENING THESE SOCIETIES.

INVASIONS AND WARFARE

INCREASED RAIDS AND INVASIONS BY GROUPS SUCH AS THE SEA PEOPLES DESTABILIZED ESTABLISHED POWERS. THESE EXTERNAL THREATS DISRUPTED TRADE ROUTES, DESTROYED CITIES, AND CAUSED WIDESPREAD INSECURITY. THE RESULTING MILITARY CONFLICTS DRAINED RESOURCES AND CONTRIBUTED TO THE COLLAPSE OF CENTRALIZED AUTHORITY IN MANY REGIONS.

ECONOMIC DECLINE AND TRADE DISRUPTIONS

THE COMPLEX TRADE NETWORKS THAT HAD SUSTAINED THE LATE BRONZE AGE CIVILIZATIONS BEGAN TO FALTER. INTERRUPTIONS IN THE SUPPLY OF CRITICAL GOODS LIKE TIN AND COPPER, ESSENTIAL FOR BRONZE PRODUCTION, WEAKENED ECONOMIES. THE LOSS OF TRADE INCOME DIMINISHED THE ABILITY OF STATES TO MAINTAIN ARMIES AND BUREAUCRACIES, ACCELERATING POLITICAL DISINTEGRATION.

- ENVIRONMENTAL CHALLENGES INCLUDING DROUGHT AND FAMINE
- INVASIONS BY EXTERNAL GROUPS SUCH AS THE SEA PEOPLES
- BREAKDOWN OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE NETWORKS
- INTERNAL REBELLIONS AND POLITICAL INSTABILITY
- TECHNOLOGICAL SHIFTS AND RESOURCE DEPLETION

THE ROLE OF THE SEA PEOPLES

THE SEA PEOPLES ARE OFTEN CITED AS ONE OF THE PRIMARY AGENTS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESTRUCTION WITNESSED AROUND 1177 BC. THESE MYSTERIOUS MARITIME GROUPS LAUNCHED RAIDS AND INVASIONS THAT DEVASTATED SEVERAL COASTAL CITIES AND CONTRIBUTED TO THE DESTABILIZATION OF THE LATE BRONZE AGE WORLD.

IDENTITY AND ORIGINS

THE EXACT ORIGINS OF THE SEA PEOPLES REMAIN DEBATED AMONG SCHOLARS. VARIOUS ANCIENT RECORDS, INCLUDING EGYPTIAN INSCRIPTIONS, DESCRIBE THEM AS A CONFEDERATION OF DIFFERENT GROUPS FROM THE AEGEAN, ANATOLIA, AND POSSIBLY THE CENTRAL MEDITERRANEAN. THEIR SUDDEN APPEARANCE AND AGGRESSIVE CAMPAIGNS DISRUPTED THE BALANCE OF POWER IN THE REGION.

IMPACT ON REGIONAL POWERS

THE SEA PEOPLES ATTACKED KEY CENTERS SUCH AS UGARIT, THE HITTITE CAPITAL HATTUSA, AND PARTS OF EGYPT'S EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN COAST. THEIR INVASIONS CONTRIBUTED TO THE DESTRUCTION OR ABANDONMENT OF MANY URBAN CENTERS. WHILE THEY WERE NOT THE SOLE CAUSE OF THE COLLAPSE, THEIR ROLE EXACERBATED EXISTING VULNERABILITIES IN THESE SOCIETIES.

ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE COLLAPSE

ARCHAEOLOGICAL EXCAVATIONS HAVE UNCOVERED EXTENSIVE EVIDENCE OF WIDESPREAD DESTRUCTION AND SOCIETAL UPEHAVAL DATING TO AROUND 1177 BC. THESE FINDINGS CORROBORATE HISTORICAL ACCOUNTS AND SCIENTIFIC DATA, PROVIDING TANGIBLE PROOF OF THE COLLAPSE.

DESTRUCTION LAYERS AT KEY SITES

MANY ANCIENT CITIES REVEAL DESTRUCTION LAYERS CHARACTERIZED BY BURNED BUILDINGS, COLLAPSED FORTIFICATIONS, AND SUDDEN ABANDONMENT. SITES SUCH AS TROY, MYCENAE, AND UGARIT SHOW SIGNS OF VIOLENT DESTRUCTION CONSISTENT WITH WARFARE AND INVASION DURING THIS PERIOD. THESE LAYERS HELP DATE THE TIMING AND NATURE OF THE COLLAPSE.

DISCONTINUITY IN MATERIAL CULTURE

FOLLOWING THE COLLAPSE, THERE IS A NOTICEABLE DECLINE IN THE COMPLEXITY AND QUALITY OF POTTERY, ARCHITECTURE, AND ADMINISTRATIVE ARTIFACTS. THE LOSS OF LITERACY AND CENTRALIZED RECORD-KEEPING MARKS A SIGNIFICANT CULTURAL REGRESSION IN MANY AFFECTED REGIONS. THIS ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVIDENCE HIGHLIGHTS THE PROFOUND IMPACT ON SOCIETAL STRUCTURES.

LONG-TERM EFFECTS ON ANCIENT SOCIETIES

THE AFTERMATH OF THE COLLAPSE AROUND 1177 BC HAD PROFOUND AND LASTING IMPLICATIONS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF CIVILIZATIONS IN THE EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN AND BEYOND. THE DISRUPTION RESHAPED POLITICAL BOUNDARIES, CULTURAL PRACTICES, AND TECHNOLOGICAL ADVANCEMENTS.

TRANSITION TO THE IRON AGE

THE LATE BRONZE AGE COLLAPSE PAVED THE WAY FOR THE IRON AGE, AS SOCIETIES ADAPTED TO NEW TECHNOLOGIES AND SOCIAL STRUCTURES. THE DECLINE OF BRONZE PRODUCTION DUE TO RESOURCE SHORTAGES ENCOURAGED THE DEVELOPMENT AND SPREAD OF IRON METALLURGY, WHICH ULTIMATELY TRANSFORMED ECONOMIES AND WARFARE.

EMERGENCE OF NEW POLITICAL ENTITIES

IN THE POWER VACUUM LEFT BY FALLEN EMPIRES, SMALLER KINGDOMS AND CITY-STATES EMERGED. THIS PERIOD SAW THE RISE OF GROUPS SUCH AS THE PHILISTINES AND THE EVENTUAL FORMATION OF NEW POLITICAL LANDSCAPES, INCLUDING THE EARLY ISRAELITE STATES. THE COLLAPSE THUS SET THE STAGE FOR SIGNIFICANT CULTURAL AND HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENTS IN THE REGION.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT IS THE MAIN SUBJECT OF ERIC H. CLINE'S BOOK '1177 BC: THE YEAR CIVILIZATION COLLAPSED'?

ERIC H. CLINE'S BOOK '1177 BC: THE YEAR CIVILIZATION COLLAPSED' EXPLORES THE CAUSES AND EFFECTS OF THE WIDESPREAD COLLAPSE OF SEVERAL ANCIENT CIVILIZATIONS AROUND 1177 BC, FOCUSING ON THE LATE BRONZE AGE COLLAPSE.

WHICH CIVILIZATIONS DOES ERIC H. CLINE DISCUSS IN '1177 BC: THE YEAR CIVILIZATION COLLAPSED'?

IN THE BOOK, CLINE DISCUSSES CIVILIZATIONS SUCH AS THE MYCENAEANS, HITTITES, EGYPTIANS, CYPRIOTS, AND VARIOUS CITY-STATES IN THE EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN THAT EXPERIENCED COLLAPSE DURING THE LATE BRONZE AGE.

WHAT ARE SOME OF THE REASONS ERIC H. CLINE GIVES FOR THE COLLAPSE OF CIVILIZATIONS IN 1177 BC?

CLINE ATTRIBUTES THE COLLAPSE TO A COMBINATION OF FACTORS INCLUDING NATURAL DISASTERS, INVASIONS BY THE SEA PEOPLES, INTERNAL REBELLIONS, ECONOMIC TROUBLES, AND CLIMATE CHANGE, ILLUSTRATING A 'PERFECT STORM' SCENARIO.

HOW DOES ERIC H. CLINE USE ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVIDENCE IN '1177 BC: THE YEAR CIVILIZATION COLLAPSED'?

CLINE USES ARCHAEOLOGICAL FINDINGS, ANCIENT TEXTS, AND HISTORICAL RECORDS TO PIECE TOGETHER THE EVENTS LEADING TO THE COLLAPSE, PROVIDING A MULTIDISCIPLINARY APPROACH TO UNDERSTANDING THIS PERIOD.

WHAT SIGNIFICANCE DOES THE YEAR 1177 BC HOLD ACCORDING TO ERIC H. CLINE'S RESEARCH?

ACCORDING TO CLINE, 1177 BC MARKS A PIVOTAL YEAR WHEN THE INTERCONNECTED LATE BRONZE AGE CIVILIZATIONS EXPERIENCED A SYSTEMIC COLLAPSE THAT RESHAPED THE ANCIENT WORLD AND LED TO A 'DARK AGE'.

DOES ERIC H. CLINE'S '1177 BC' SUGGEST THAT THE COLLAPSE WAS SUDDEN OR GRADUAL?

CLINE ARGUES THAT THE COLLAPSE WAS A COMPLEX AND SOMEWHAT GRADUAL PROCESS RESULTING FROM MULTIPLE INTERRELATED CRISES RATHER THAN A SINGLE CATASTROPHIC EVENT.

HOW HAS ERIC H. CLINE'S '1177 BC: THE YEAR CIVILIZATION COLLAPSED' CONTRIBUTED TO THE UNDERSTANDING OF ANCIENT HISTORY?

THE BOOK HAS PROVIDED A COMPREHENSIVE AND ACCESSIBLE SYNTHESIS OF LATE BRONZE AGE COLLAPSE RESEARCH, HIGHLIGHTING THE INTERCONNECTEDNESS OF ANCIENT SOCIETIES AND INFLUENCING BOTH ACADEMIC AND POPULAR PERSPECTIVES ON THE PERIOD.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

1. *THE COLLAPSE OF THE BRONZE AGE: THE STORY OF 1177 BC* BY ERIC H. CLINE
THIS BOOK EXPLORES THE DRAMATIC AND COMPLEX COLLAPSE OF THE LATE BRONZE AGE CIVILIZATIONS AROUND 1177 BC. ERIC H. CLINE SYNTHESIZES ARCHAEOLOGICAL FINDINGS AND ANCIENT TEXTS TO UNRAVEL THE INTERCONNECTED SOCIETIES THAT FELL DURING THIS TURBULENT PERIOD. THE BOOK OFFERS INSIGHTS INTO THE CAUSES OF THE COLLAPSE, INCLUDING NATURAL DISASTERS, INVASIONS, AND ECONOMIC DECLINE, MAKING IT AN ESSENTIAL READ FOR UNDERSTANDING ONE OF HISTORY'S GREATEST MYSTERIES.
2. *THE END OF THE BRONZE AGE: CHANGES IN WARFARE AND THE CATASTROPHE 1200 BC* BY ROBERT DREWS
DREWS ANALYZES THE MILITARY AND POLITICAL UPHEAVALS THAT CONTRIBUTED TO THE BRONZE AGE COLLAPSE. HE EMPHASIZES THE ROLE OF NEW WEAPON TECHNOLOGIES AND SHIFTING WARFARE TACTICS THAT DESTABILIZED ESTABLISHED POWERS. THE BOOK PROVIDES A DETAILED EXAMINATION OF HOW THESE TRANSFORMATIONS PRECIPITATED WIDESPREAD SOCIETAL BREAKDOWNS.

3. *1177 BC: THE YEAR CIVILIZATION COLLAPSED* BY ERIC H. CLINE

A LANDMARK BOOK THAT DELVES INTO THE INTERCONNECTED CIVILIZATIONS OF THE LATE BRONZE AGE AND THEIR SUDDEN COLLAPSE. CLINE COMBINES ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVIDENCE WITH HISTORICAL RECORDS TO PRESENT A COMPELLING NARRATIVE OF HOW MULTIPLE FACTORS—CLIMATE CHANGE, INVASIONS, AND SYSTEMIC FAILURES—LED TO THE END OF AN ERA. THE WORK HIGHLIGHTS THE FRAGILITY OF COMPLEX SOCIETIES AND THE LESSONS THEY OFFER FOR TODAY.

4. *THE SEA PEOPLES AND THEIR WORLD: A REASSESSMENT* BY ELIEZER D. OREN

THIS BOOK INVESTIGATES THE ENIGMATIC SEA PEOPLES, WHO ARE OFTEN IMPLICATED IN THE BRONZE AGE COLLAPSE. OREN REASSESSSES ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND TEXTUAL EVIDENCE TO BETTER UNDERSTAND THEIR ORIGINS, MOVEMENTS, AND IMPACTS ON EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN CIVILIZATIONS. THE STUDY SHEDS LIGHT ON ONE OF THE MOST DEBATED CONTRIBUTORS TO THE COLLAPSE AROUND 1177 BC.

5. *THE LATE BRONZE AGE CRISIS AND THE COLLAPSE OF THE MYCENAEAN WORLD* BY JOHN BENNET

FOCUSING ON THE MYCENAEAN CIVILIZATION, BENNET EXPLORES THE INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL PRESSURES THAT LED TO ITS DOWNFALL. THE BOOK EXAMINES ECONOMIC SHIFTS, SOCIAL UPEHAVAL, AND EXTERNAL THREATS THAT CULMINATED IN THE COLLAPSE. IT PROVIDES A DETAILED LOOK AT ONE OF THE KEY CULTURES AFFECTED DURING THE BROADER BRONZE AGE CRISIS.

6. *ANCIENT NEAR EASTERN HISTORY AND CULTURE* BY WILLIAM W. HALLO AND WILLIAM KELLY SIMPSON

THIS COMPREHENSIVE VOLUME COVERS THE HISTORY AND CULTURE OF THE ANCIENT NEAR EAST, INCLUDING THE LATE BRONZE AGE COLLAPSE. THE WORK OFFERS CONTEXT FOR THE POLITICAL, ECONOMIC, AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS LEADING UP TO AND FOLLOWING 1177 BC. IT SERVES AS A FOUNDATIONAL RESOURCE FOR UNDERSTANDING THE BROADER ENVIRONMENT IN WHICH THE COLLAPSE OCCURRED.

7. *COLLAPSE: HOW SOCIETIES CHOOSE TO FAIL OR SUCCEED* BY JARED DIAMOND

WHILE NOT EXCLUSIVELY ABOUT 1177 BC, DIAMOND'S BOOK EXAMINES MULTIPLE HISTORICAL COLLAPSES, INCLUDING THE BRONZE AGE, TO IDENTIFY COMMON PATTERNS. THROUGH COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS, HE HIGHLIGHTS ENVIRONMENTAL, ECONOMIC, AND SOCIAL FACTORS THAT CAN DRIVE CIVILIZATIONS TO COLLAPSE. THIS BROADER PERSPECTIVE HELPS READERS UNDERSTAND THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE 1177 BC EVENT WITHIN GLOBAL HISTORY.

8. *ARCHAEOLOGY AND THE SEA PEOPLES: A RE-EXAMINATION* BY ANN E. KILLEBREW

KILLEBREW PROVIDES AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL PERSPECTIVE ON THE SEA PEOPLES AND THEIR ROLE IN THE LATE BRONZE AGE COLLAPSE. THE BOOK COMPILES RECENT DISCOVERIES AND OFFERS NEW INTERPRETATIONS OF THEIR IMPACT ON MEDITERRANEAN SOCIETIES. IT IS A VALUABLE RESOURCE FOR UNDERSTANDING ONE OF THE PIVOTAL ELEMENTS OF THE 1177 BC COLLAPSE NARRATIVE.

9. *THE DARK AGE OF GREECE: AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF THE ELEVENTH TO THE EIGHTH CENTURIES BC* BY ANTHONY SNODGRASS

THIS BOOK SURVEYS THE AFTERMATH OF THE BRONZE AGE COLLAPSE, FOCUSING ON THE GREEK WORLD'S TRANSITION INTO THE SO-CALLED DARK AGES. SNODGRASS EXAMINES THE ARCHAEOLOGICAL RECORD TO TRACE CULTURAL AND SOCIETAL CHANGES FOLLOWING THE 1177 BC CRISIS. THE WORK PROVIDES INSIGHT INTO HOW CIVILIZATIONS ADAPT AND TRANSFORM AFTER COLLAPSE.

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